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Claims

Please amend the claims as shown below. This listing of Claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the Claims in this application.

- 1. (Withdrawn)
- 2. (Withdrawn)
- 3. (Withdrawn)
- 4. (Withdrawn)
- 5. (Withdrawn)
- 6. (Withdrawn)
- 7. (Withdrawn)
- 8. (Withdrawn)
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method for removing polymers generated during <u>an</u> etching process[[es]], comprising the steps of:

removing the polymers from a metal line, a via hole, or a pad open area by using an inorganic compound including DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF;

forming a protective oxide film on [[a]]the metal line, [[a]]the via hole or [[a]]the pad open area by using H_2O_2 ; and

protecting the metal line, the via hole or the pad open area by the protective oxide film while removing the polymers by using HF,

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wherein DIW occupies by volume about 70.5% to about 80.5% of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF, H₂SO₄ occupies by volume about 6.5% to about 8.5% of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF, H₂O₂ occupies by volume about 15% to about 19% of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF, and HF occupies by volume a range of greater than 100 PPM and approximately less than or equal to 150 PPM about 50 PPM to about 150 PPM of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF, and wherein the total volume % of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF is about 100 %.

- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein DIW occupies by volume about 75.5% of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF.
 - 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein H₂SO₄ occupies by volume about 7.5% of the total volume of DlW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF.
 - 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein H₂O₂ occupies by volume about 17% of the total volume of DIW, H₂SO₄, H₂O₂ and HF.
 - 16. (Canceled)
 - 17. (Withdrawn)
- 18. (New) The method of claim 9, further comprising storing the DIW, the H_2SO_4 , the H_2O_2 and the HF in separate tanks prior to application to the semiconductor device feature.

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- 19. (New) The method of claim 18, further comprising mixing the DIW, the H₂SO₄, the H₂O₂ and the HF in a common tank to form the inorganic compound prior to application to the semiconductor device feature.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 19, further comprising delivering the DIW, the H_2SO_4 , the H_2O_2 and the HF to the common tank from the separate tanks via supplying tubes.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the supplying tubes comprise flow control devices that regulate the flow of the DIW, the H₂SO₄, the H₂O₂ and the HF into the common tank.
- 22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the flow control devices deliver the DIW, the H_2SO_4 , the H_2O_2 and the HF at individually varied rates.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the common tank comprises a pump that circulates and uniformly mixes the the DIW, the H₂SO₄, the H₂O₂ and the HF in the common tank.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 9, further comprising forming the metal line, the via hole, or the pad open area by an etching process using a photoresist as a mask.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 24, wherein the polymers comprise residual photoresist material.